

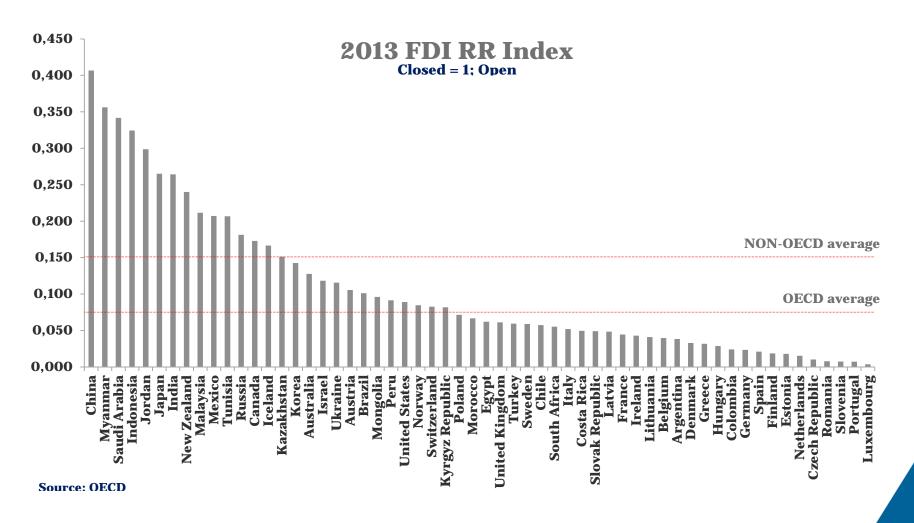
INVESTMENT IN ICELAND

Presented by Karim Dahou OECD

Reykjavik, 16 January 2014









INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

- Investment by established foreign-controlled enterprises
- Trans-sectoral: Foreign investment is accepted under reciprocity conditions. Transactions may be blocked if foreign investment is deemed to "seriously reduce competition" or to have an "undesirable effect on the Icelandic Economy".
- Trans-sectoral: Investment by foreign states or state-owned enterprises is prohibited unless an
- authorisation is granted.
- Real estate: Foreign investment by nationals from non-EEA countries other than for direct business use
 is restricted, with the exception of acquisitions by limited liability companies in which non-residents do
 not own more than 20 per cent of the capital and do not hold a majority of the total voting power.
- Fishing and whaling: Foreign investment in companies engaged in fishing and in companies applying for a licence to carry out whaling within the Icelandic territorial waters is prohibited.
- Primary fish processing: Foreign investment in primary fish processing (i.e. excluding retail packaging and later stages of preparation of fish products for distribution and consumption) is prohibited. No foreign ownership limitations apply to further fish processing.
- Fishing and fish processing: Indirect foreign investment in fishing and primary fish processing (i.e. excluding retail packaging and later stages of preparation of fish products for distribution and consumption) is allowed through indirect investment in Icelandic legal entities with a share no more than 25% ownership of foreign residents calculated on the basis of share capital or initial capital, which is increased no more than 33% foreign ownership in the case of Icelandic legal person which own no more than 5% of any fishing operations in the Icelandic fisheries jurisdiction or fish processing in Iceland;
- Natural resources: Foreign ownership of the exploitation rights of hydro and geothermal energy and investment in energy production and distribution by foreign persons is prohibited.
- Air transport: Foreign investment in air transport companies limited to 49 per cent of capital stock.



- Investment climate reforms
- Enhancing PPPs
- Enhancing clean energy investment

The OECD Policy Framework for Investment

- > Investment policy
- Investment promotion and facilitation
- Trade policy
- Competition policy
- > Tax policy
- Corporate governance
- Policies for promoting responsible business conduct
- Human resource development
- Infrastructure and financial sector development
- Public governance, incl. corruption
- (Investment for green growth)



THANK YOU

Any questions?

Karim Dahou

Executive Manager Investment Division

